CHATFIELD SCHOOL LAPEER, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL REPORT
WITH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2015

CHATFIELD SCHOOL

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Chatfield School Lapeer, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chatfield School (the "School"), Lapeer, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Chatfield School, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Mattina, Kent & Gibbons, P.C. Chatfield School Page Two

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information (identified in the table of contents) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying Other Supplemental Information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Other Supplemental Information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying Other Supplemental Information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Matting, Kent, & Stibbons, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Lapeer, MI

October 13, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CHATFIELD SCHOOL – LAPEER, MICHIGAN

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Chatfield School's (the "School"), annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School's financial status remained stable, as total net position decreased approximately .1% percent over the course of the year.
- Revenues increased 4.3 percent to \$3.98 million while expenses increased 6.9 percent to \$3.98 million.
- The primary source of funds for the Chatfield School is the State's Foundation Grant allocated on a per-pupil basis. Chatfield has maintained its enrollment to around 475 students.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the School, reporting the School's operations *in more detail* than the government-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how *basic* services like regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School's budget for the year.

The following summarizes the major features of the School's financial statements, including the portion of the School's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

| | | Fund Financial Statements | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Government-Wide Statements | Governmental Funds | Fiduciary Funds | | |
| Scope | Entire School (except fiduciary funds) | · • | | | |
| Required financial statements | Statement of net positionStatement of activities | Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances | Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities Statement of changes in fiduciary net position | | |
| Accounting basis and measurement focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus | Accrual accounting and economic resources focus | | |
| Type of asset/liability information | All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm | Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long- term liabilities included | All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, School's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can | | |
| Type of inflow/outflow information | All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable | All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid | | |

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statements of net position include *all* of the School's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the School's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the School's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the School's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the School, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the condition of School buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the School's activities:

 Governmental activities – Most of the School's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education and administration. State formula aid finances most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The School establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes like building additions.

The School has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the School's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on; (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The School is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The School is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements, because the School cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

DISTRICT MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

- The School administrators and the Chatfield Board of Directors have consistently monitored expenditures each year to produce an annual positive cash balance (revenues exceeding expenditures); the goal for this careful monitoring is to create and maintain an unrestricted cash balance that will be adequate in future years for maintaining the building, renovating and refurbishing as necessary, and meeting contingencies that might develop either within the building or at the state funding level. The funds reserved for these purposes had increased each year and were sufficient for allowing the school board to allocate a portion of its fund balance to continue to make capital improvements and update technology.
- The School administrators and the entire school staff maintain a purchasing evaluation and inventory analysis system that controls expenditures for supplies and materials. Account balances are reviewed at monthly board meetings in the Statement of Operations. In-house routine maintenance and repair procedures minimize the cost of maintenance.
- Recognizing that the School's future stability and well-being is entirely dependent upon
 parents continuing to choose to enroll children at Chatfield, the School administrators, the
 School staff, and the School's board have collaborated extensively to create an exceptional
 school for children and to create a staff work environment that retains staff and provides
 teachers the opportunities to be effective, self-fulfilled professionals. The Chatfield School has
 been fortunate in hiring and retaining highly qualified teachers and ancillary staff.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Net position – The School's *combined* net position was smaller on June 30, 2015, than it was the year before – decreasing approximately less than 1 percent to \$5.70 million.

Chatfield School's Net Position

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Current and Other Assets | \$ 1,524,902 | \$ 1,626,495 |
| Capital Assets – Net of Depreciation | 5,934,154 | 5,944,622 |
| Total Assets | 7,459,056 | 7,571,117 |
| | | |
| Current Liabilities | 317,213 | 319,380 |
| Long-term Liabilities – Net of Current Portion | 1,436,121 | 1,537,879 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,753,334 | 1,857,259 |
| Net Position | | |
| Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt | 4,395,884 | 4,310,739 |
| Restricted | 4,423 | 4,800 |
| Unrestricted | 1,305,415 | 1,398,319 |
| Total Net Position | \$ 5,705,722 | \$ 5,713,858 |

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Changes in Chatfield School's Net Position

| <u> </u> | 2015 | | | 2014 | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 198,347 | \$ | 180,986 | |
| Federal and State Categorical Grants | | 284,827 | | 231,922 | |
| General Revenues | | | | | |
| State Aid – Unrestricted | 3 | 3,494,312 | | 3,400,747 | |
| Other | | 1,023 | | 733 | |
| Total Revenues | 3 | 3,978,509 | | 3,814,388 | |
| | ' | | | _ | |
| Expenses | | | | | |
| Instruction | 2 | 2,263,788 | | 2,079,254 | |
| Support Services | 1 | 1,094,523 | | 1,035,264 | |
| Community Services | | 222,270 | | 207,357 | |
| Food Services | | 88,483 | | 87,110 | |
| Unallocated Depreciation | | 218,269 | | 215,559 | |
| Interest | | 99,312 | | 106,488 | |
| Total Expenses | 3 | 3,986,645 | | 3,731,032 | |
| • | | | _ | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | \$ | (8,136) | \$ | 83,356 | |
| | | | | | |

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the School, reflected in its governmental funds, remains solid even when trying to add unique programs to the academic program. As the School completed the year, its governmental funds reported *combined* fund balances of \$ 1.30 million, which is below last year's ending fund balances of \$ 1.40 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School revised the annual operating budget several times. These budget amendments are:

- Changes made in the fourth quarter to account for changes in assumptions, since the original budget was adopted.
- While the School's final budget for the general fund anticipated a decrease to Fund Balance of \$265,976, the actual results for the year show only a \$93,413 decrease.
- Actual expenditures in 2014-15 were below amended budget estimates, because all
 expenditures were thoroughly reviewed and evaluated. The cost controlling in the past year
 was particularly necessary due to the uncertainty of the state's funding. The reductions were
 achieved without changing the basics of services to children and without imposing
 unreasonable expectations on staff. The Partners in Education (parents group) continuously
 helps by making substantial donations for field trips, and various classroom items requested
 by teachers.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the School had invested \$8.2 million in a range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School invested approximately \$208,000 in capital assets which included mostly technology purchases and upgrades. Upgrades to the technology lab and wireless network were necessary to meet the requirements for state assessments. The purchase of additional technology and over 150 computers has allowed staff and students access to innovative technology. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.) Total depreciation expense for the year was approximately \$218,000.

Chatfield School's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

| | | 2015 | | 2014 |
|-------------------------|-----|-----------|----|-----------|
| Land | \$ | 50,000 | \$ | 50,000 |
| Buildings | | 5,570,292 | | 5,718,672 |
| Equipment and Furniture | | 313,862 | | 175,950 |
| | | _ | | |
| Total | \$_ | 5,934,155 | \$ | 5,944,622 |

Long-term Debt

At year-end the School had a mortgage note with Lapeer County Bank & Trust Co., for the middle school addition. The balance at June 30, 2015 was \$ 1.54 million with approximately \$ 95,000 principal repaid during the year. (See Note 11.)

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the School was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- Questions remain about the state's funding for K-12 public education.
- The School Board's mortgage financing for the expansion of the building to add the middle school will require an annual payment of approximately \$195,000 that will be the first obligation for each year's future budgets.
- The school is enrolled in the National School Lunch Program which will reimburse the school for some of the cost of the Lunch Program and prevent future loss of revenue.
- The school has experienced a slight increase in federal funding for Title 1 Services.
- Employees accepting health, vision, and dental insurance are now required to pay 10% for health, vision and dental coverage.
- Parts of the school have not been renovated or updated since 1997 and future considerations will need to be given to this area of improvement.
- The school has reached its' enrollment capacity. No growth in student enrollment will eliminate a revenue source without an increase in state aid. The schools revenue may experience a plateau or a slight decline due to cuts in state funding. The school will have to look for additional sources of revenue.

CONTACT THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Administrative Office, Chatfield School, 231 Lake Drive, Lapeer, MI 48446.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHATFIELD SCHOOL STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

| | ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable | \$ 823,781 701,121 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | 1,524,902 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS Capital Assets Less: Accumulated Depreciation | 8,178,707 (2,244,553) |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | 5,934,154 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 7,459,056 |
| LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue Current Portion of Note Payable | \$ 213,841 1,223 102,149 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | 317,213 |
| NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Non Current Portion of Note Payable | 1,436,121 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | 1,753,334 |
| NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for: Donor Imposed Restrictions | 4,395,884 4,423 |
| Unrestricted | 1,305,415 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | 5,705,722 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION | \$ 7,459,056 |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

GOVERNMENTAL

| | | | | _\ /_ \ | 11.150 | (E | IVITIES NET EXPENSE) |
|---|--------------|-----|-----------|-----------------------|---------|----|-------------------------|
| | | | PROGRAM R | | | | VENUE AND |
| | EVDENIGE0 | | HARGES | _ | ERATING | _ | HANGES IN |
| | EXPENSES | FOR | SERVICES | | BRANTS | NE | T POSITION |
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS | _ | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIE | S | | | | | | |
| Instruction & Instructional | . | • | | | | • | (0.000.07.1) |
| Support | \$ 2,263,788 | \$ | - | \$ | 234,434 | \$ | (2,029,354) |
| Support Services | 1,094,523 | | 23,822 | | - | | (1,070,701) |
| Community Services | 222,270 | | 135,444 | | 3,310 | | (83,516) |
| Food Services | 88,483 | | 39,081 | | 47,083 | | (2,319) |
| Interest on Debt | 99,312 | | - | | - | | (99,312) |
| Depreciation (Unallocated) | 218,269 | | | | | | (218,269) |
| | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL | | | | | | | () |
| ACTIVITIES | \$ 3,986,645 | \$ | 198,347 | \$ | 284,827 | | (3,503,471) |
| GENERAL REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| | riotad | | | | | | 2 404 212 |
| State of Michigan Aid - Unresti Investment Revenue | ricted | | | | | | 3,494,312 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | 255 768 |
| Miscellarieous | | | | | | | 700 |
| TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES | | | | | | | 3,495,335 |
| | | | | | | - | 3, 100,000 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | | | | | | | (8,136) |
| | | | | | | | , |
| NET POSITION: | | | | | | | |
| BEGINNING OF YEAR | | | | | | | 5,713,858 |
| | | | | | | | |
| END OF YEAR | | | | | | \$ | 5,705,722 |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

| | GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|----------|---------------|-----------|---------------------|-------|---------------------------|
| | MAJOR F | | | S PITAL | Fl | MAJOR JND OOD | | TOTAL OVERN- MENTAL |
| | GE | ENERAL | _ | JECTS | SERVICE | | FUNDS | |
| ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Due From Governmental Units Due from Other Funds | \$ | 823,648 700,530 | \$ | 133 - - | \$ | - 591 190 | \$ | 823,781 701,121 190 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 1,524,178 | \$ | 133 | \$ | 781 | \$ | 1,525,092 |
| LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCES AND O | | | | | • | | _ | |
| Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds | \$ | 213,841 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 213,841 |
| Unearned Revenue | | 190 1,223 | | - | | _ | | 190 1,223 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 215,254 | | | | | | 215,254 |
| FUND BALANCES AND OTHER CRI Restricted for: Donor Imposed Restrictions | EDIT | S 4,423 | | _ | | _ | | 4,423 |
| Capital Projects Committed for: | | - | | 133 | | - | | 133 |
| Long Term Capital Investment Assigned for: | | 836,361 | | - | | - | | 836,361 |
| Subsequent Year Expenditures | | 300,000 | | - | | - | | 300,000 |
| Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES AND OTHER CREDITS | | 168,140 1,308,924 | | 133 | | 781 781 | | 1,309,838 |
| | | | | | | | | , , |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES, FUND BALANCES AND OTHER CREDITS | | 1,524,178 | \$ | 133 | \$ | 781 | \$ | 1,525,092 |
| Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet o | of Gov | vernmental | Funds | to the Sta | tement | of Net Po | sitio | <u>n</u> |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALA | ANCE | S | | | | | \$ | 1,309,838 |
| Amounts reported for Governmental Ac different because: | tivitie | s in the Stat | ement o | of Net Pos | ition are | | | |
| Capital assets used in Governmental resources and are not reported in the Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation | | | financia | ıl | | | (| 8,178,707 (2,244,553) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and preported in the fund's Note Payable. | - | le in the cur | rent per | iod and ar | e not | | | (1,538,270) |
| NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL | ACT | IVITIES | | | | | \$ | 5,705,722 |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | MAJOR GENERAL | FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS | NON-MAJOR FUND FOOD SERVICE | R TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| REVENUE | 4 .====== | • | | | | | |
| Local Sources | \$ 170,520 | \$ - | \$ 39,081 | \$ 209,601 | | | |
| State Sources | 3,607,350 | - | 47.000 | 3,607,350 | | | |
| Federal Sources | 114,474 | | 47,083 | 161,557 | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUE | 3,892,344 | - | 86,164 | 3,978,508 | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | 2,263,788 | - | - | 2,263,788 | | | |
| Supporting Services | 1,074,267 | _ | - | 1,074,267 | | | |
| Community Services | 222,270 | - | - | 222,270 | | | |
| Food Services | · - | - | 88,483 | 88,483 | | | |
| Capital Outlay | - | 228,056 | - | 228,056 | | | |
| DEBT SERVICES Principal Interest | 95,613 99,312 | - - | <u>-</u> | 95,613 99,312 | | | |
| interest | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 3,755,250 | 228,056 | 88,483 | 4,071,789 | | | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 137,094 | (228,056) | (2,319) | (93,281) | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out | ES) (230,507) | 228,070 | 2,437 | 230,507 (230,507) | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (230,507) | 228,070 | 2,437 | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (93,413) | 14 | 118 | (93,281) | | | |
| FUND BALANCE – JULY 1, 2014 | 1,402,337 | 119 | 663 | 1,403,119 | | | |
| FUND BALANCE – JUNE 30, 2015 | \$ 1,308,924 | \$ 133 | \$ 781 | \$ 1,309,838 | | | |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds | | \$ | (93,281) |
|---|----------------------|----|----------|
| Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | | |
| Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. | | | |
| Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay | (218,269) 207,800 | | (10,469) |
| Repayment of notes payable is an expenditure in the Government Funds, but not in the Statement of Activities (where it reduces long-term debt). | | | 95,614 |
| Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities | | Ф. | |
| Change in Net Fosition of Governmental Activities | | Ψ | (8,136) |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

| | TRUST & AGENCY FUND | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|--|
| ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 63,507 | |
| LIABILITIES Due to Student Groups | \$ | 63,507 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Chatfield School conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to schools. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The School is governed by a five-member Board of Education. The School is a public school academy as part of the Michigan Public School System under Public Act No. 362 of 1993. Saginaw Valley State University is the authorizing governing body for the School and has contracted with the School to charter the public school through June 2016. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the School. Based on the application of the criteria, the School does not contain component units.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include; (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. State foundation aid and other unrestricted items are not included among program revenues but are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the District-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* as are the fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds, which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for reimbursement grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the School reports the following fund types:

The Food Service Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted for the purpose of providing meals for the School.

The *Trust and Agency Fund* accounts for assets held for other groups and organizations and is custodial in nature.

The School first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

D. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

Cash equivalents are short-term investments that are readily convertible to cash or have a maturity date of 90 days or less from the date of purchase.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, building and improvements, and furniture and equipment. Assets are capitalized if the initial cost exceeds \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value or extend the lives of the asset are not capitalized. Construction work in process is not depreciated until placed in service. Depreciation is not computed on land. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method and the estimated useful lives are as follows:

Building and Improvements 25 - 50 years Furniture and Equipment 5 - 20 years

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. FUND EQUITY

Fund balances for each of the School's governmental funds are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School's Capital Projects Fund is considered restricted.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action or resolution of the School's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the School intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The intent is expressed by the Board of Education.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the School's General Fund.

The School would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserve the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these classified funds.

<u>Net Position</u> represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

G. REVENUE

<u>State Foundation Revenue</u> – The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from State sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to school districts based on information supplied by the districts. For the year ended June 30, 2015 the foundation allowance was based on the pupil membership counts taken in February and September of 2014.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. REVENUE (continued)

The State revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October 2014 to August 2015. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as accounts receivable.

<u>State Categorical Revenue</u> – The School also receives revenue from the State to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended for its specific purpose. Categorical funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year, are recorded as deferred revenue.

<u>Federal Revenue</u> – Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

H. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

I. USE OF ESTIMATES

The process of preparing basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

- J. COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS Comparative data is not included in the School's financial statements.
- K. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS The School has evaluated subsequent events through October 13, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETS

The official budgets were formally adopted by the School Board, prior to the expenditure of funds for the General Fund, using the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budgets were adopted at the functional level and control was exercised at that level. Expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted at the level of the adopted budget are a violation of the Budgeting Act. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The budget was properly amended by the School Board throughout the year, as needed.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETS (Continued)

The budget statement (Budgetary Comparison Schedule) is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget. The budget information is a summary of the actual budget adopted.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities follows:

| Statement of Net Position Government-wide Financial Statement Captions: | | |
|---|----|---------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 823,781 |
| Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities | · | , |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 63,507 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 887,288 |
| | | |
| Notes to Financial Statements | | |
| Deposits | \$ | 887,168 |
| Petty Cash and Cash on Hand | | 120 |
| TOTAL | \$ | 887,288 |

The School is authorized by Michigan Public Act 132 of 1986 to invest surplus monies in U.S. bonds and notes, certain commercial paper, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances and mutual funds and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. To the extent that cash from various funds has been pooled in an investment-related investment, income is allocated to each fund based on relative participation in the pool. At year end, the School had no investments.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the School will minimize the interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School's cash requirements.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The School will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may not be returned. As of year-end \$466,383 of the School's bank balance of \$1,036,026 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk– Investments</u> – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk-Investments (continued)

The School will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the School will do business.

Foreign Currency Risk – The School is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity of the School's Governmental Activities was as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2014 | | | Balance June 30, 2015 | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------|--------------------------|--|--|
| CAPITAL ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 50,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 50,000 | | |
| Building & Improvements | 7,284,006 | 10,291 | - | 7,294,297 | | |
| Furniture & Equipment | 636,901 | 197,509 | - | 834,410 | | |
| | | | - | | | |
| | 7,970,907 | 207,800 | | 8,178,707 | | |
| Accumulated Depreciation | | | | | | |
| Building & Improvements | (1,565,334) | (158,671) | - | (1,724,005) | | |
| Furniture & Equipment | (460,951) | (59,597) | - | (520,548) | | |
| • • | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | - | <u> </u> | | |
| | (2,026,285) | (218,268) | | (2,244,553) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| NET CAPITAL ASSETS | \$ 5,944,622 | \$ (10,468) | \$ - | \$ 5,934,154 | | |

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School has exposure to risks of loss due to torts, errors and omissions, and property loss. The School manages these risks by purchasing commercial insurance through the Employers Mutual Company.

NOTE 6 - EXPENDITURES AND APPROPRIATIONS

No funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations (at budgetary levels).

NOTE 7 – LEASED EMPLOYEES

Chatfield School has an agreement with Chatfield Management Corporation to lease substantially all workers. Chatfield Management Corporation will be responsible for all wages, payroll taxes, and employee benefits, including health insurance and 401(k) contributions. The leased employees are not covered by the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Systems. This agreement is effective to June 30, 2019. The school paid \$2,963,411 to Chatfield Management Corporation for the leased employees, and ended the year with \$187,194 due to Chatfield Management Corporation.

NOTE 8 - COST SHARING AGREEMENT

Lapeer County Intermediate School District will act as a service bureau for the constituent districts for maintenance and support of their financial software.

NOTE 9 - OVERSIGHT FEES

The School pays an administrative oversight fee of 3% of its state school aid discretionary and Proposal A obligation payments to the Saginaw Valley State University Board of Trustees, as set forth by contract, to reimburse the University Board for the cost of execution of its oversight responsibilities. These oversight responsibilities include the monitoring of the School's compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, and the review of its audited financial statements and periodic reports. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred expense of approximately \$101,000 for oversight fees.

NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

In 2009, the Johnson Foundation donated \$4,000 for the restoration of an electric vehicle that was donated to the School. The remaining balance on the donation at June 30, 2015 is \$2,798.

In 2011, the School received a private donation to be used for the enriching of the band program and classroom activities. The remaining balance of the restricted donation at June 30, 2015 is \$1,320.

In 2012, the Lapeer Optimist Club donated \$3,700 to be used to build a sugar shack. The remaining balance of the restricted donation at June 30, 2015 is \$305.

NOTE 11 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The School obtained a loan for the construction of the middle school addition. The loan is a general obligation of the School. The loan is a bank note with an original balance of \$2,155,000 with monthly installments of \$16,244, including interest at 6.22% through October 2027. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 was \$1,538,270. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

| P | PRINCIPAL | IPAL INTEREST | | | TOTAL | |
|----|-----------|--|-----------------------|--|---|--|
| \$ | 102,149 | \$ | 92,776 | \$ | 194,925 | |
| | 108,687 | | 86,238 | | 194,925 | |
| | 115,643 | | 79,282 | | 194,925 | |
| | 123,045 | | 71,880 | | 194,925 | |
| | 130,920 | | 64,005 | | 194,925 | |
| | 791,548 | | 183,077 | | 974,625 | |
| | 166,278 | | 4,568 | | 170,846 | |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1,538,270 | \$ | 581,826 | \$ | 2,120,096 | |
| | \$ | 108,687 115,643 123,045 130,920 791,548 166,278 | \$ 102,149 \$ 108,687 | \$ 102,149 \$ 92,776 108,687 86,238 115,643 79,282 123,045 71,880 130,920 64,005 791,548 183,077 166,278 4,568 | \$ 102,149 \$ 92,776 \$ 108,687 86,238 115,643 79,282 123,045 71,880 130,920 64,005 791,548 183,077 166,278 4,568 | |

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Operating Transfers

Operating transfers constitute the transfer of resources from the fund that received the resources to the fund that utilized them. The transfer from the general fund to the food service fund was to supplement the food service program. The transfer from the general fund to the capital projects fund was to purchase instructional technology equipment and learning walls. The interfund transfers are as follows:

| | C | perating | | 0 | perating |
|-----------------------|----|------------|--------------|------|------------|
| <u>Fund</u> | Tr | ansfers In | <u>Fund</u> | Trai | nsfers Out |
| Food Service Fund | \$ | 2,437 | General Fund | \$ | 2,437 |
| Capital Projects Fund | | 228,070 | General Fund | | 228,070 |
| Total | \$ | 230,507 | Total | \$ | 230,507 |

Interfund Receivables/Payables

There were no interfund receivables or payables.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CHATFIELD SCHOOL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BUDGETED | VARIANCE FROM FINAL | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|--------|----------|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL ACTUAL | | BUDGET | |
| REVENUE | OTTIGITO LE | 1 11 17 12 | 71010712 | | 0001 |
| Local Sources | \$ 142,800 | \$ 145,775 | \$ 170,520 | \$ | 24,745 |
| State Sources | 3,581,676 | 3,503,596 | 3,607,350 | | 103,754 |
| Federal Sources | 84,480 | 142,323 | 114,474 | | (27,849) |
| TOTAL REVENUE AND | | | | | |
| OTHER SOURCES | 3,808,956 | 3,791,694 | 3,892,344 | | 100,650 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Instruction | 2,252,060 | 2,307,730 | 2,263,788 | | 43,942 |
| Supporting Services | 1,113,535 | 1,086,385 | 1,074,267 | | 12,118 |
| Community Services | 209,561 | 223,761 | 222,270 | | 1,491 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | |
| Principal | 95,000 | 95,000 | 95,613 | | (613) |
| Interest | 100,000 | 100,000 | 99,312 | | 688 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 3,770,156 | 3,812,876 | 3,755,250 | | 57,626 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUE | | | | | |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | 38,800 | (21,182) | 137,094 | | 158,276 |
| OTHER FINANCING (USES) | | | | | |
| Operating Transfers | (160,000) | (244,794) | (230,507) | | 14,287 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (121,200) | \$ (265,976) | \$ (93,413) | \$ | 172,563 |
| FUND BALANCE – JULY 1, 2014 | | | 1,402,337 | | |
| FUND BALANCE – JUNE 30, 2015 | | | \$ 1,308,924 | | |

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CHATFIELD SCHOOL GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BUDGETED |) AMOUNTS | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | BUDGET | |
| LOCAL SOURCES | | | | | |
| Interest from Investments | \$ 1,200 | \$ 1,200 | \$ 255 | \$ (945) | |
| Donations | 3,275 | 3,275 | 750 | (2,525) | |
| Custody & Care of Children | 102,825 | 105,800 | 135,444 | 29,644 | |
| Earth Education | 25,000 | 25,000 | 23,822 | (1,178) | |
| Other Local Sources | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,249 | (251) | |
| TOTAL LOCAL SOURCES | 142,800 | 145,775 | 170,520 | 24,745 | |
| STATE SOURCES | 3,581,676 | 3,503,596 | 3,607,350 | 103,754 | |
| FEDERAL SOURCES | 84,480 | 142,323 | 114,474 | (27,849) | |
| TOTAL REVENUE | \$ 3,808,956 | \$ 3,791,694 | \$ 3,892,344 | \$ 100,650 | |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BUDGETED | AMOUNTS | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | BUDGET | |
| INSTRUCTION BASIC PROGRAMS Elementary | | | | | |
| Purchased Services Supplies & Materials Capital Outlay | \$ 1,856,618 119,664 45,775 | \$ 1,907,241 120,395 40,955 | \$ 1,886,018 115,379 40,955 | \$ 21,223 5,016 | |
| Other Expenses | 13,525 | 13,281 | 12,883 | 398 | |
| Total Elementary | 2,035,582 | 2,081,872 | 2,055,235 | 26,637 | |
| TOTAL BASIC PROGRAMS | 2,035,582 | 2,081,872 | 2,055,235 | 26,637 | |
| ADDED NEEDS Special Education | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 110,510 | 113,786 | 108,006 | 5,780 | |
| Supplies & Materials Total Special Education | 600 111,110 | 600 114,386 | 575 108,581 | <u>25</u> 5,805 | |
| At Risk | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 105,368 | 111,472 | 99,972 | 11,500 | |
| Total At Risk | 105,368 | 111,472 | 99,972 | 11,500 | |
| TOTAL ADDED NEEDS | 216,478 | 225,858 | 208,553 | 17,305 | |
| TOTAL INSTRUCTION | 2,252,060 | 2,307,730 | 2,263,788 | 43,942 | |
| SUPPORT SERVICES PUPIL | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 74,116 | 72,041 | 72,235 | (194) | |
| TOTAL PUPIL | 74,116 | 72,041 | 72,235 | (194) | |
| INSTRUCTIONAL | 00.405 | 00.455 | E0 074 | 0.404 | |
| Purchased Services Supplies & Materials | 63,185 5,200 | 62,155 3,250 | 58,671 3,035 | 3,484 215 | |
| TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL | 68,385 | 65,405 | 61,706 | 3,699 | |
| | , - | , | , | , - | |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BUDGETED |) AMOUNTS | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | BUDGET |
| SUPPORT SERVICES (Continued) BOARD OF EDUCATION Purchased Services Other Expenses TOTAL BOARD OF EDUCATION | \$ 21,000 105,834 126,834 | \$ 24,000 105,834 129,834 | \$ 23,622 101,477 125,099 | \$ 378 4,357 4,735 |
| EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION Purchased Services TOTAL EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATION | 75,400 75,400 | 75,500 75,500 | 75,186 75,186 | <u>314</u> 314 |
| SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION Purchased Services | 181,400 | 180,725 | 180,287 | 438 |
| Supplies & Materials | 49,000 | 50,283 | 50,265 | 18 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,000 | 100 | - | 100 |
| Other Expenses | 15,000 | 23,200 | 24,446 | (1,246) |
| TOTAL SCHOOL | , | | | (: ,= : 0) |
| ADMINISTRATION | 246,400 | 254,308 | 254,998 | (690) |
| FISCAL SERVICES | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 68,740 | 66,500 | 66,360 | 140 |
| Supplies & Materials | 847 | 1,047 | 882 | 165 |
| TOTAL FISCAL SERVICES | 69,587 | 67,547 | 67,242 | 305 |
| OPERATION & MAINTENANCE | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 253,853 | 252,000 | 250,442 | 1,558 |
| Supplies & Materials | 98,400 | 73,200 | 71,599 | 1,601 |
| Capital Outlay | 4,800 | | | |
| TOTAL OPERATION & | | | | |
| MAINTENANCE | 357,053 | 325,200 | 322,041 | 3,159 |
| TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT SERVIC | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 95,760 | 96,550 | 95,760 | 790 |
| TOTAL TECHNOLOGY | _ | _ | _ | |
| SUPPORT SERVICES | 95,760 | 96,550 | 95,760 | 790 |
| TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES | 1,113,535 | 1,086,385 | 1,074,267 | 12,118 |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BUDGETED AMOUNTS | | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL | |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | BUDGET | |
| COMMUNITY SERVICES | | | | | |
| COMMUNITY RECREATION | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ 7,000 | \$ 4,000 | \$ 3,868 | \$ 132 | |
| TOTAL COMMUNITY | | | | | |
| RECREATION | 7,000 | 4,000 | 3,868 | 132 | |
| CHILD CARE | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 143,250 | 155,175 | 154,693 | 482 | |
| Supplies & Materials | 7,800 | 8,250 | 8,184 | 66 | |
| Other Expenses | 500 | 200 | 187 | 13 | |
| TOTAL CHILD CARE | 151,550 | 163,625 | 163,064 | 561 | |
| WILLOWS | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | 46,261 | 51,036 | 50,719 | 317 | |
| Supplies & Materials | 4,750 | 5,100 | 4,619 | 481 | |
| TOTAL WILLOWS | 51,011 | 56,136 | 55,338 | 798 | |
| TOTAL COMMUNITY SERVICES | 209,561 | 223,761 | 222,270 | 1,491 | |
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | |
| Principal | 95,000 | 95,000 | 95,613 | (613) | |
| Interest | 100,000 | 100,000 | 99,312 | `688 [´] | |
| TOTAL DEBT SERVICE | 195,000 | 195,000 | 194,925 | 75 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 3,770,156 | 3,812,876 | 3,755,250 | 57,626 | |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | | | |
| Transfer to Capital Projects | 150,000 | 234,794 | 228,070 | 6,724 | |
| Transfer to Food Service | 10,000 | 10,000 | 2,437 | 7,563 | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES | 160,000 | 244,794 | 230,507 | 14,287 | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND | | | | | |
| OTHER USES | \$ 3,930,156 | \$ 4,057,670 | \$ 3,985,757 | \$ 71,913 | |

CHATFIELD SCHOOL TRUST AND AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | BALANCE July 1, 2014 ADDITIONS | | DITIONS | DED | UCTIONS | BALANCE JUNE 30, 2015 | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|----|--------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | <u> </u> | | | | | | , |
| CASH | \$ | 55,189 | \$ | 272,554 | \$ | 264,236 | \$ | 63,507 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| <u>LIABILITIES</u> | | | | | | | | |
| DUE TO STUDENT/ OTHER GROUPS | \$ | 55,189 | \$ | 272,554 | \$ | 264,236 | \$ | 63,507 |

Rochester

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Certified Public Accountants

Lapeer

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Chatfield School Lapeer, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Chatfield School, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Chatfield School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Chatfield School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Chatfield School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Chatfield School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiency.

Lack of adequate controls to produce full-disclosure GAAP financial statements. (Repeat Comment)

Criteria: All school districts are required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This is the responsibility of Chatfield School's management. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both, (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data, and (2) reporting government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related footnotes.

Condition: Chatfield School, as is common with smaller and medium-sized entities, has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements and footnotes as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, Chatfield School's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the government's internal controls.

Cause: This condition was caused by management's decision that it is more cost effective to outsource the preparation of its annual financial statements to the auditors than to incur the time and expense of obtaining the necessary training and expertise required for the School to perform this task internally.

Effect: The result of this condition is that Chatfield School lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this task.

View of Responsible Officials: The School has evaluated the benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interests of the School to outsource this task to its external auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Chatfield School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Chatfield School's Response to Findings

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Chatfield School's response to findings identified in our audit is described previously. Chatfield School's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Lapeer, MI

October 13, 2015